

0.39" Single Digit Numeric Displays
Technical Data Sheet

Model No.: KW1-391XGA

Features:

- ◇ 0.39"(inch) digit height.
- ◇ Excellent segment uniformity.
- ◇ Sold state reliability.
- ◇ Industrial standard size.
- ◇ Low power consumption.
- ◇ The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

- ◇ The KW1-391XXX series is a larger 9.9mm(0.39") high seven segments display designed for viewing distances up to 7 meters.
- ◇ These displays provide excellent reliability in bright ambient light.
- ◇ These devices are made with white segments and gray surface.

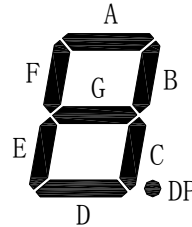
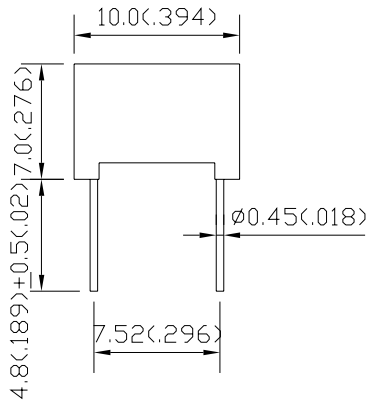
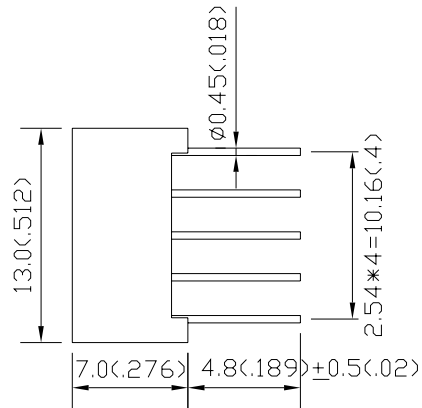
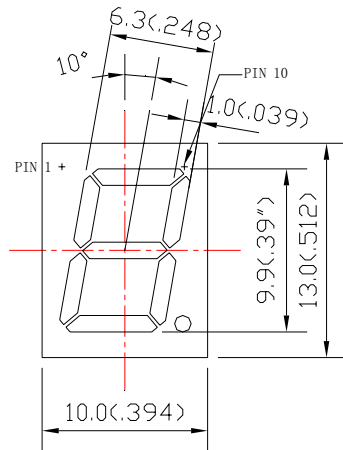
Applications:

- ◇ Audio equipment.
- ◇ Instrument panels.
- ◇ Digital read out display.

Device Selection Guide:

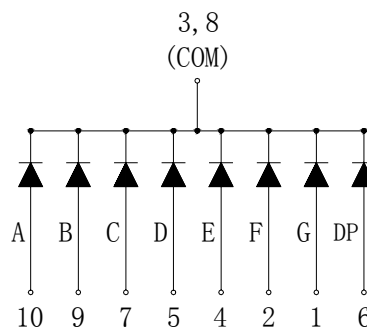
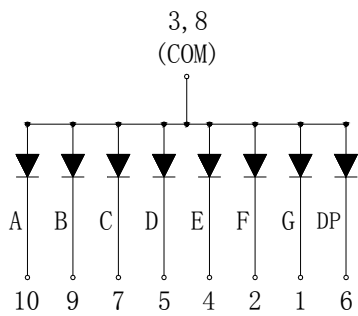
Model No.	Chip Material	Source Color	Description
KW1-391AGA	GaP	Yellow Green	Common Anode
KW1-391CGA		Yellow Green	Common Cathode

Package Dimension:



KW1-391AGA

KW1-391CGA



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25(.010)$ mm unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation Per Segment	PD	70	mW
Peak Forward Current Per Segment (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA
Forward Current Per Segment	IF	25	mA
Dating Linear From 50°C		0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40°C to +80°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C	
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

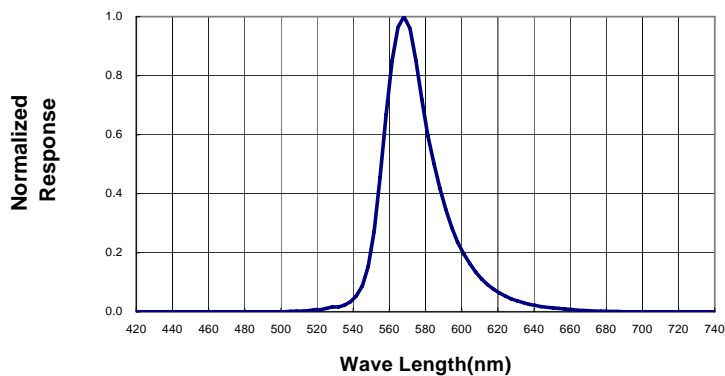
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	0.8	1.4	---	mcd	IF=20mA (Note 1)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	563	568	573	nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	565	572	576	nm	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	---	24	---	nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	---	2.2	2.8	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	---	---	10	μ A	VR=5V

Notes:

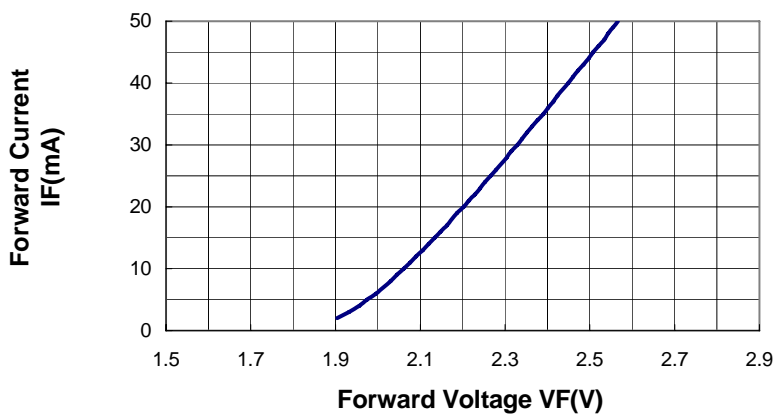
- Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- The dominant wavelength (λ_d) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

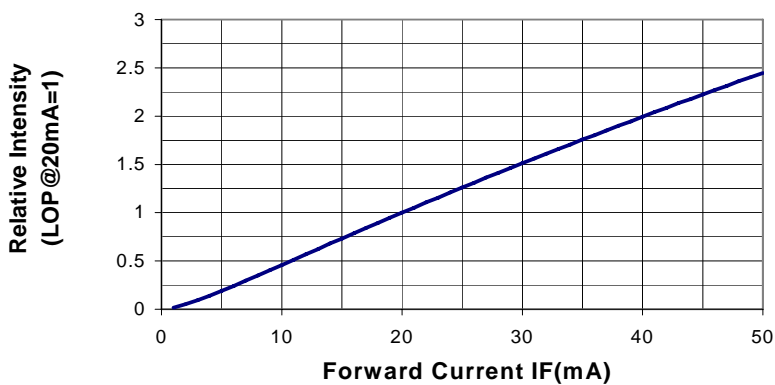
Spectral Radiance (Peak @ 568nm)



Forward Current vs Forward Voltage



Relative Luminous Intensity vs Forward Current



Please read the following notes before using the datasheets:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

3. Soldering Condition

- 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile.
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260°C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.